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On the Ribbons of Orders, Decoration

On the Ribbons of Orders, Decorations and Medals Worn During the Hungarian Regency (Including Those of the Austro-Hungarian Empire)

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"To strive, to seek, to find, and not to yield."

> Peter Czink Founder/President

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Dr. Gergely Pál Sallay Historical Consultant, Correspondent

PO Box 74527 Kitsilano PO Vancouver, British Columbia V6K 4P4 Canada

> czink@shaw.ca www.NewFront.ca

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Membership in the International Hungarian Military History Preservation Society is \$40.00 annually, and includes the *Magyar Front*.

The original *Magyar Front* was the weekly newspaper of the Frontline Fighter's Association, and was published from the early 1930s until the end of the Second World War.

A note from the Editor

Historians and enthusiasts focusing on Regency, or Horthy-era Hungarian orders, decorations, and medals often encounter medal and ribbon groups that are a combination of Austro-Hungarian and the post-WWI Hungarian awards. Putting medals in their proper order or deciphering a ribbon bar in a photograph can be daunting - so far I have not encountered an easy to read, concise guide to the order of precedence of these two combined award systems. With very few exceptions, the ODMs from both eras were also worn as ribbons, often with miniatures, so I thought a ribbon chart would serve us well. I was inspired by the ribbon charts in books that I poured over as a youth, as well as some excellent online presentations and have always thought of medal ribbons as a colourful language in their own right, and I hope the following pages bring joy (and perhaps order, as well) to those keen on phaleristics.

After piecing together the ribbons on pages 5 to 9, Gergely Sallay joined me in the laborious process of checking everything for accuracy, and he then wrote the explanation and introduction on page 4. Through him, the Hungarian Military Institute and Museum has kindly allowed us to publish images of some of its most spectacular ribbon groups along with his own informative captions.

In this issue we are featuring two new recipients of or IHMHPS Badge of Honour -Zoltán Tálosi and György Borbandi. Check them out online - we will also shortly have the IHMHPS Recognition Project nomination forms and details on our homepage.

P.Cz.

Our cover:

Major General (vezérőrnagy) Oszkár v. Selkey, shortly after his capture at the end of World War II. This remarkably clear photograph documents his ribbon bar very well. The miniature Military Merit Cross, Third Class is missing from the fourth ribbon, as are the crossed swords device from his Austrian World War I Commemorative Medal (the second to last ribbon).

Support and promote our cause!

IHMHPS embroidered patches - \$5.00 each





Two inspirational and dedicated collectors, György Borbandi and Zoltán Tálosi founded the Baka (the Hungarian affectionate colloquial term for a soldier) Museum in 2009, in Szekszárd, Hungary.

Their goal was to use their collection to commemorate the soldiers of Tolna County and Szekszárd, who disappeared, were killed in action, and wounded in the World Wars. They also raise awareness of those who served during the Cold War in the Hungarian People's Army. The museum's collection is constantly growing, and their items with local ties are particularly significant.

A group visits Bukovina (in northern Romania) annually, where they erected a cross in 2017 at what is believed to be the site of the lost cemetery of the 19th Honvéd Infantry Regiment from Pécs. It's located on the summit of the Capul (now Țapul Mare) Mountain north of the village of Kirlibaba. Every year they climb bakamuzeum.hupont.hu

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the 1663m mountain and repaint the cross to preserve the memory of the soldiers. It is the Baka Museum's mission to raise awareness through their artefacts and activities. In addition to maintaining the large collection of artifacts, the staff and friends of the museum also devote their time to the care and repair of gravesites as well as tutoring student visitors to the museum.

Zoltán Tálosi is a former high school history teacher and reserve First Lieutenant in the Hungarian Defence Forces, and author of *War* Years 1941-1945: Aerial Events and Battles in Tolna County (Háborús Évek 1941-1945: Légiesemények és Harcok Tolna Megyében). György Borbandi, is a systems sales manager for a security company.

Many IHMHPS members have already discovered the wealth of information they share on their website and Facebook pages - and we are grateful for their exemplary dedication.

On the Ribbons of Orders, Decorations and Medals Worn During the Hungarian Regency, Including Those of the Austro-Hungarian Empire by Gergely Sallay

The simplified form of wearing orders, decorations, and medals (ODMs) as ribbon bars was introduced in the Austro-Hungarian armed forces along with the pike grey field uniform in 1908. In June 1909, it was specified that ODMs in marching order were to be worn in the form of ribbons folded to a height of 15mm. Although it was not stated, ribbons were the 40mm width of the standard trifold medal ribbons. In 1910, it was further detailed that all ribbons were to be worn in one row on the left breast. Regardless of the class of the order represented, the ribbons were to be "plain", i.e. miniatures specifying the class were not to be fastened on them. This was notwithstanding the fact that so-called "small decorations" of the highest classes of orders were already introduced in 1908 for members of the Austro-Hungarian armed forces who, instead of sashes and breast stars, for the sake of simplicity, could wear on the breast the lowest-grade insignia of the given order with a miniature symbolizing the higher grade attached to the trifold ribbon. An exception was the Military Order of Maria Theresa, which could not be worn as a small decoration.

The order of ribbons followed the order of precedence, with the senior ribbon positioned nearest the front tunic buttons and foreign decorations positioned last. Due to the regulation to wear ribbons in one row, one can often see overlapping Austro-Hungarian ribbons dating from the 1910s. Ribbons were sewn to each other and stitched onto the tunic.

During the First World War, when the wearing of ribbons was common practice in the battlefield, miniatures of higher grades of orders and decorations already appeared on ribbon bars, even on overlapping ribbons. In 1917 and 1918, several new small decorations were introduced to represent further higher grades of orders and decorations, and the miniatures to be attached to trifold ribbons also appeared on ribbon bars.

The practice of wearing ribbons lived on in interwar-period Hungary, but overlapping ribbons went out of fashion. Ribbons were to be worn in rows, four in a row, and to be placed centrally over the left breast pocket. When two or more rows were worn and there were insufficient ribbons to complete a row, the bottommost row had to begin at the (viewer's) left, not placed centrally. Ribbons of foreign ODMs were positioned in a separate row below, even if the row above was incomplete.

Rows were either sewn together tightly or placed slightly apart. In any of the above cases, ribbons often were mounted, sewn over strips of cardboard or other materials, onto a material identical with or similar to that of the tunic, then stitched to the garment. Other attachment solutions, for ease of removal, were manufactured horizontal pin-back metal bars or a variety of wire or flat metal hooks which would engage with loops sewn to the uniform. Rows of ribbons could also be attached to the tunic separately in the same fashion. During the interwar period, ribbons could be worn in marching order or with undress uniform. When wearing ribbons, all ribbons were to be worn.

Bars symbolizing the multiple award of certain medals were not to be worn on ribbon bars, unlike on their trifold ribbons. In the case of multiple awards as many ribbons were to be worn as the number of awards of the same medal. Bars were only to be worn on the ribbon of the Fire Cross instituted in 1941. In that case, the aluminum bars representing the number of wounds were to be placed vertically. The wearing of miniatures on ribbons was not regulated in detail. An exception were the Hungarian Order of Merit and Bravery Medals, where the sizes of miniatures representing the different classes were officially specified. However, ribbon bars were privately purchased, and that resulted in a great variety in the use of miniatures.





1. Order of Saint Stephen, Grand Cross



5. Order of Leopold, Grand Cross with War Decoration and Swords**



9. Order of the Iron Crown, First Class with War Decoration and Swords**



13. (FJ) Large Military Merit Medal on War Ribbon with Swords*



17. Red Cross, Star of Merit (also awarded with War Decoration)



21. Hungarian Order of Merit, Commander's Cross with Star



25. Hungarian Order of Merit, Commander's Cross on War Ribbon with Swords*



29. Order of Francis Joseph, Commander's Cross and Star



2. Hungarian Order of Merit, Grand Cross, with Holy Crown, on War Ribbon with Swords*



6. Hungarian Order of Merit, Grand Cross, on War Ribbon with Swords*



10. Order of Saint Stephen, Commander's Cross



14. (K) Large Military Merit Medal on War Ribbon with Swords*



 Red Cross, Star of Merit with War Decoration (also awarded without War Decoration)



22. Order of Leopold, Commander's Cross with War Decoration and Swords**



26. Hungarian Order of Merit, Commander's Cross



30. Hungarian Order of Merit, Officer's Cross with War Decoration and Swords*



3. Hungarian Order of Merit, Grand Cross, with Holy Crown



7. Hungarian Order of Merit, Grand Cross



11. Hungarian Large Gold Medal on War Ribbon with Swords*



15. Order of Francis Joseph, Grand Cross on War Ribbon with Swords**



19. Badge of Honour for Arts and Sciences



23. Military Merit Cross, Second Class with War Decoration and Swords**



27. Order of the Iron Crown, Second Class with War Decoration and Swords**



31. Hungarian Order of Merit, Officer's Cross



4. Military Merit Cross, First Class with War Decoration and Swords**



8. Order of Leopold, First Class with War Decoration and Swords**



12. Hungarian Large Gold Medal



16. Order of Francis Joseph, Grand Cross



20. Hungarian Order of Merit, Commander's Cross with Star, on War Ribbon with Swords*



24. Order of Saint Stephen, Small Cross



28. Order of Francis Joseph, Commander's Cross and Star, On War Ribbon with Swords*



32. Order of Leopold, Knight's Cross with War Decoration and Swords**



33. Order of Francis Joseph, Commander's Cross on War Ribbon with Swords*



37. Order of the Iron Crown, Third Class with War Decoration and Swords**



41. Order of Francis Joseph, Knight's Cross



45. Military Merit Cross. Third Class, with War Decoration and Swords**



49. Cross of Merit for the Clergy, Second Class, on white ribbon



53. (K) Bronze Military Merit Medal, on War Ribbon with Swords*



57. Silver Medal of Merit with Holy Crown (non-military)



61. Hungarian Bronze Medal of Merit with Holy Crown on War Ribbon with Swords*



34. Order of Francis Joseph, Commander's Cross



38. Hungarian Order of Merit, Knight's Cross on War Ribbon with Swords*



42. Hungarian Officer's Gold Bravery Medal



46. Cross of Merit for the Clergy, First Class, on red and white ribbon*



50. (FJ) Silver Military Merit Medal, on War Ribbon with Swords*



54. Hun. Bronze Medal of Merit with Holy Crown on War Ribbon with Swords* and retrospectively authorized WWI award



58. Red Cross, Cross of Merit (also awarded with War Decoration)



62. Hungarian Bronze Medal of Merit with Holy Crown (military)

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35. Order of Francis Joseph, Officer's Cross with War Decoration and Swords*



39. Hungarian Order of Merit, Knight's Cross



43. Gold Bravery Medal for Officers



47. Cross of Merit for the Clergy, Second Class, on red and white ribbon*



51. (K) Silver Military Merit Medal, on War Ribbon with Swords*



55. Hungarian Silver Medal of Merit with Holy Crown on War Ribbon with Swords*



59. (FJ) Silver Military Merit Medal (on red ribbon)



63. Bronze Medal of Merit with Holy Crown (non-military)



36. Order of Francis Joseph, Officer's Cross



40. Order of Francis Joseph, Knight's Cross on War Ribbon with Swords*



44. Large Silver Bravery Medal for Officers



48. Cross of Merit for the Clergy, First Class, on white ribbon



52. (FJ) Bronze Military Merit Medal, on War Ribbon with Swords*



56. Hungarian Silver Medal of Merit with Holy Crown (military)



60. (K) Silver Military Merit Medal (on red ribbon)



64. Gold Miklós Toldi Merit Medal



65. Silver Miklós Toldi Merit Medal



69. Bravery Medal



73. Hungarian Gold Cross of Merit (also awarded on War Ribbon)



77. Gold Merit Cross (on red ribbon)



81. Hungarian Silver Cross of Merit (also awarded on War Ribbon)



85. Silver Merit Cross, with Crown on War Ribbon



89. Hungarian Bronze Cross of Merit (also awarded on War Ribbon)



93. Iron Merit Cross with Crown on War Ribbon



66. Bronze Miklós Toldi Merit Medal



70. Hungarian Gold Bravery Medal



74. Gold Merit Cross with Crown (on red ribbon)



78. Hungarian Large Silver Bravery Medal



82. Hungarian Small Silver Bravery Medal



86. Silver Merit Cross with Crown (on red ribbon)



90. Hungarian Bronze Medal of Merit (also awarded on War Ribbon)



94. Iron Merit Cross on War Ribbon



67. (FJ) Bronze Military Merit Medal (on red ribbon)



71. Gold Bravery Medal



75. Hungarian Cross of Merit, Fifth Class (awarded until 1935)



79. Silver Bravery Medal, First Class



83. Silver Bravery Medal, Second Class



87. Silver Merit Cross on War Ribbon



91. Hungarian Bronze Bravery Medal



95. Fire Cross, First Class (with one aluminum bar, representing one wound)



68. (K) Bronze Military Merit Medal (on red ribbon)



72, Gold Merit Cross with Crown on War Ribbon with Swords*



76. Gold Merit Cross, on War Ribbon with Swords*



80. Red Cross, Medal of Merit (also awarded with War Decoration)



84. Hungarian Silver Medal of Merit (also awarded on War Ribbon)



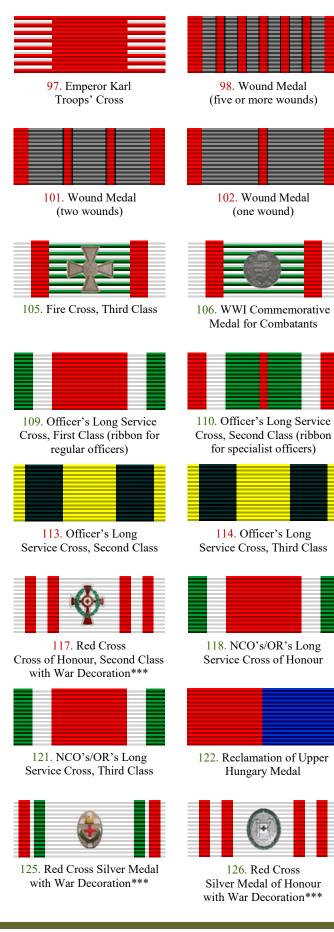
88. Silver Merit Cross (on red ribbon)



92. Bronze Bravery Medal



96. Fire Cross, Second Class





108. War Medal 112. Officer's Long

Service Cross, First Class



116. Red Cross Officer's Cross of Honour with War Decoration



120. NCO's/OR's Long Service Cross, Second Class



124. Reclamation of Southern Hungary Medal

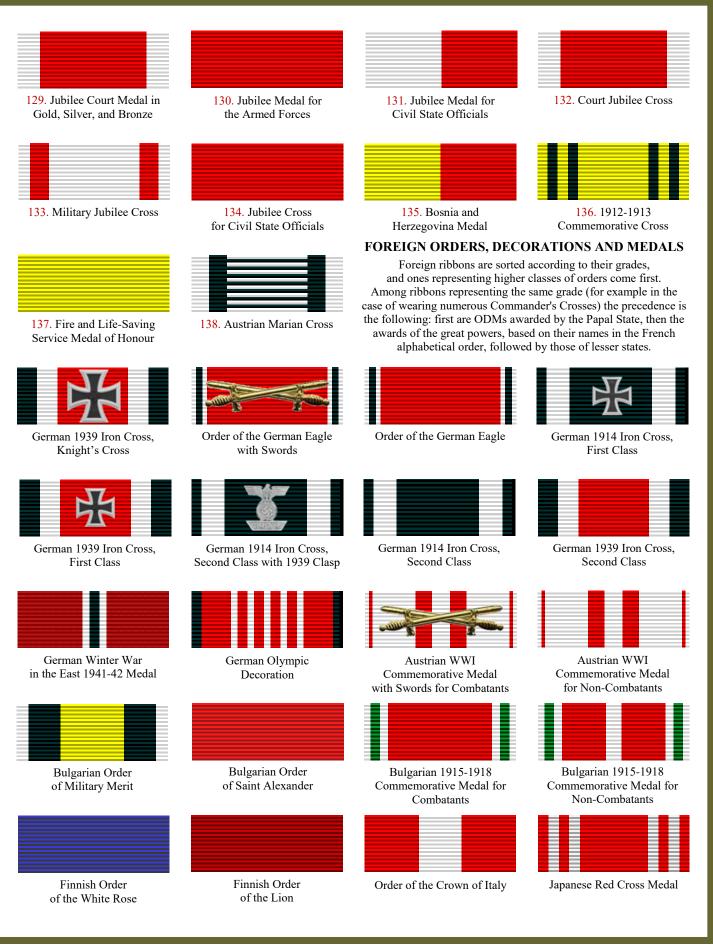


128. Red Cross Bronze Medal of Honour with War Decoration***

***Also awarded without War Decoration

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A Selection of Ribbon Bars from the Hungarian Military History Museum



HUNGARIAN MILITARY HISTORY INSTITUTE AND MUSEUM - PETER SZIKITS PHOTO An Austro-Hungarian officer's ribbon bar with overlapping ribbons, from the 1910s.



HUNGARIAN MILITARY HISTORY INSTITUTE AND MUSEUM - PETER SZIKITS PHOTO

The ribbons of Air Force Colonel József Szintai (Steiner), who served both as a field pilot and an observer in the Austro-Hungarian Flying Corps during the First World War, from the early 1930s. The first ribbon is that of the Imperial Austrian Order of the Iron Crown, 3rd Class with War Decoration and Swords, which he received in 1918 for saving the life of his comrade after crash landing their aircraft on the Italian front. Szintai was promoted to major general in 1946, in the "Democratic Army."



HUNGARIAN MILITARY HISTORY INSTITUTE AND MUSEUM - PETER SZIKITS PHOTO

The final ribbon bar worn by Colonel General Géza v. Lakatos, Prime Minister of Hungary from August 29th to October 15th, 1944. In the first position, the ribbon of the Grand Cross of the Hungarian Order of Merit on War Ribbon with Swords, followed by the Hungarian Large Gold Medal on War Ribbon with Swords.



HUNGARIAN MILITARY HISTORY INSTITUTE AND MUSEUM - PETER SZIKITS PHOTO

The ribbon bar of one of the most decorated Hungarian officers, Major General Kornél v. Oszlányi, the only Second World War recipient of the Military Order of Maria Theresa. Note the ribbon of the Officer's Gold Bravery Medal in the third place, missing the letter K, differentiating between the Gold Bravery Medals of officers and the other ranks.



HUNGARIAN MILITARY HISTORY INSTITUTE AND MUSEUM - PETER SZIKITS PHOTO

The ribbon bar of László v. Thuránszky, high-ranking official of the Prime Minister's Office in the early 1940s. On his ribbon bar, First World War Austro-Hungarian medals are mixed with Horthy-era civilian orders, decorations, and medals as well as interwar-period foreign awards (including the Order of the German Eagle, First Class with Star; Bulgarian Order of St Alexander, Grand Officer's Cross; Order of the Yugoslav Crown, Second Class; Polish Order of Polonia Restituta, Commander's Cross; Romanian Order of the Crown, Commander's Cross; and the Serbian Order of St Sava, Knight's Cross.



The ribbon bar of Knight of the Golden Spur Lieutenant Colonel Zoltán v. Farkas who served in both World Wars. The ribbon in the first position represents the badge of the Knights of the Golden Spur (inaugurated in 1916) - it was not an order, decoration or medal, however, and its ribbon was not authorized to be worn as a ribbon on the ribbon bar. Some recipients chose to wear is in this fashion despite the regulations regarding this award.



HUNGARIAN MILITARY HISTORY INSTITUTE AND MUSEUM - PETER SZIKITS PHOTO

Deputy Minister of Defence, Colonel General Imre Ruszkiczay-Rüdiger's ribbon bar. In 1940, he was awarded the Star to the previously awarded Commander's Cross of the Hungarian Order of Merit, and he also received the Officer's Cross in 1937 and the Fourth Class of the Hungarian Cross of Merit, the predecessor of the Hungarian Order of Merit, in 1930. The miniature of the latter is missing from the ribbon. None of the numerous foreign orders awarded to Ruszkiczay-Rüdiger are represented on this ribbon bar.

Right: Colonel General Imre Ruszkiczay-Rüdiger wearing the ribbon bar pictured above.





HUNGARIAN MILITARY HISTORY INSTITUTE AND MUSEUM - PETER SZIKITS PHOTO

Colonel (posthumously promoted to Major General) Zoltán v. Baló's ribbon bar. He is best known for his help to Polish and French military refugees in Hungary during the Second World War. The first ribbon in the bottom row represents the Commander's Cross of the Bulgarian Order of Saint Alexander.



HUNGARIAN MILITARY HISTORY INSTITUTE AND MUSEUM - PETER SZIKITS PHOTO

The ribbon bar of Air Force Colonel Sándor Gyiresy, who was awarded three different grades of the Hungarian Order of Merit - the Officer's Cross, the Knight's Cross on War Ribbon with Swords, and the Knight's Cross. In the bottom row among foreign medal ribbons, two different grades of the Order of the German Eagle are represented.



HUNGARIAN MILITARY HISTORY INSTITUTE AND MUSEUM - PETER SZIKITS PHOTO

This tattered and incomplete ribbon bar belonged to Colonel József v. Jánosházy. Note the two separate ribbons of the Cross of Military Merit, Third Class with War Decoration and Swords, in the second and third positions. When there was a second award of the same medal, a bar had to be attached to the medal ribbon, however, on a ribbon bar there were no bars representing multiple awards, it was the ribbon that had to be repeated.



HUNGARIAN MILITARY HISTORY INSTITUTE AND MUSEUM - PETER SZIKITS PHOTO

Major General János Markóczy's ribbon bar. It was against regulations to wear domestic and foreign ribbons in the same row but it can often be observed.



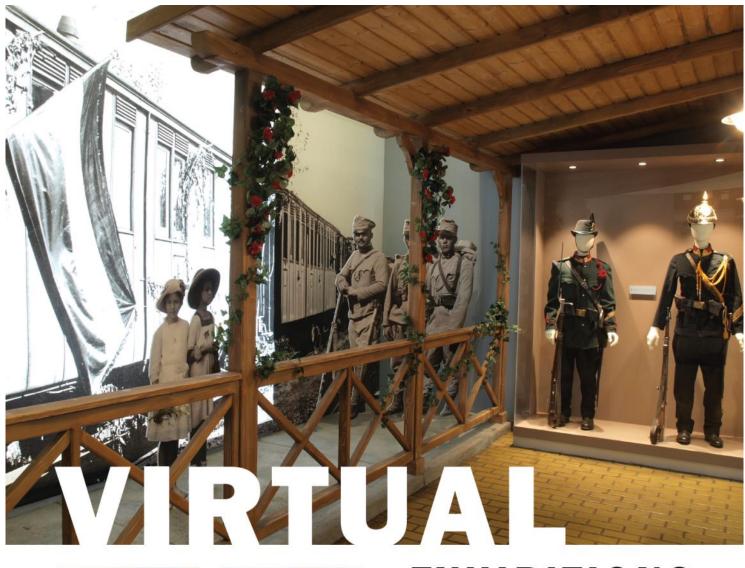
HUNGARIAN MILITARY HISTORY INSTITUTE AND MUSEUM - PETER SZIKITS PHOTO

Air Force Lieutenant Colonel Gyula Győrffy's ribbon bar. Note that only three ribbons are in a row, which was characteristic of ribbon bars worn by those serving with the Air Force. Gyula Győrffy was executed in November 1944 for not obeying orders to continue fighting after the Arrow Cross coup in October 1944.



HUNGARIAN MILITARY HISTORY INSTITUTE AND MUSEUM - PETER SZIKITS PHOTO

Major General Sándor Papp-Kökényesdy, Commander of the Life Guards of the President of the Hungarian Republic between 1946 and 1948, wore this ribbon bar including ribbons of Second World War medals even after 1945. Note the aluminum bar on the ribbon of the 1st Class of the Fire Cross, representing one wound.











EXHIBITIONS

Wander virtually through our exhibitions "Hungary in the Great War" and "Posters on the Streets" online.

MoD Military History Institute and Museum 1014 Budapest, Kapisztrán tér 2-4.



www.militaria.hu